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SOME ACCOUNT

OF THE

Pauling Family

OF

NEW YORK AND PENNSYLVANIA

BY

JOSIAH GRANVILLE LEACH, LL.B.

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against the Indians at Esopus,* later Kingston, Ulster County, and the promotion of settlements in this district. Lands were promised to the "soldiers and all other persons who had come over into these parts with Colonel Nicolls," and Mr Pawling was appointed, 9 November, 1668, to lay out lands at Esopus Creek to induce the former to become settlers.† The garrison, of which Henry Pawling was a member and probably an officer, was maintained until the autumn of 1669, when, all fear of Indian depredations having ceased, the troops were withdrawn from service.‡ On 9 September of this year Sir Francis Lovelace, having succeeded Colonel Nicolls as governor,|| appointed seven leading men of the Province a commission to "regulate affairs at Esopus and the New Dorpes," with Mr. Pawling as one of the commissioners. This body sat as a Special Court, at Esopus, from September 17th. to 29th., inclusive, during which time it located sites for the villages of Hurley and Marbletown, heard grievances, made redress, passed ordinances for the general betterment and government of the locality and appointed officers to carry out the same.§ Among the latter, "Mr Pawling was Voted to be y^e Officer to whom y^e Indyans should repaire for Redress of Injuriyes in Kingston,** Hurley†† and Marbletown." This appointment was due, doubtless, to the fact that, while at the garrison, he had be-

* Esopus, or "Sopus," as known to the early Dutch, included Kingston and the country south of the Rondout. The Esopus Indians who inhabited the region were of Algonquin stock, allied to the Mohegan and other river tribes.

† Brodhead's History of the State of New York, vol. li, p. 656.

‡ New York State Library Bulletin 58, Calendar of Council Minutes, 1668—1783, p. 10.

|| Governor Nicolls was in service in an official capacity as late as 21 August, 1668. The earliest record of Sir Francis Lovelace as governor bears date 23 May, 1668; while "Instructions for the well regulating of y^e Militia and other officers at Albany," were signed by both governors in August, 1668.

§ Report of State Historian of New York, Colonial Series, vol. i, pp. 264-269; Minutes of the Executive Council of the Province of New York, vol. i, pp. 256-282.

** Kingston, so named in compliment to Governor Lovelace's maternal seat at Kingston Lisle, near Wantage in Berkshire.

†† So called from Hurley House, originally a monastery known as Lady Place, in a wooded valley near Maidenhead, on the Thames, in Berkshire. The manor came into possession of the Lovelace family in the sixteenth century and the house was built by Sir Richard Lovelace, whose son became Baron Lovelace of Hurley. In the vault beneath the house frequent meetings were held during the reign of James II., and, according to an inscription on its walls, several consultations for calling in the Prince of Orange were there held.

come acquainted with the Indian tongue and displayed marked ability to deal with this people. So acceptably did he meet the demands of the complex position that the Governor and Council, on 27 January, 1673, voted that, he "be thanked for his vigilance concerning the Esopus Indians." *

By another appointment of Governor Lovelace, he was again commissioner of a Special Court, held at the Town Hall in Kingston, from 30 March to 11 April, 1670, "for setting out the Boundaries of Kingston, Hurley, and Marbleton, and for Regulating the affairs of these places and y^e parts adjacent," Captain Dudley Lovelace, brother of the Governor, being President of the Court.† The Court Minutes of April 11th bear the signatures of the gentlemen justices, of which none is in a more elegant hand than that of Henry Pawling.‡

On Easter Monday, 4 April of this year, he was made Captain, with instructions "to raise and exercise the inhabitants of Hurley and Marbleton according to the discipline of war, proclamation of this fact being forthwith made by beat of drum publicly in the Towne of Kingston." He was, further, "appointed to be present at the Rendezvous at Marbleton Tomorrow y^e 5th of April." That he kept the appointment the following testifies:

"Tuesday April 5th, 1670.—This day Capt Pawlings ffoot Company appeared at Rendevouse where they were musterd & exercised in their arms. The President also caused all the Laws relating to the Military Affaires to be read before them, and then marched them with flying colours to the Towne of Hurley and there dismissed them. The Colours were Lodg with a Guard at the Town Hall in Kingston, where the Souldiers were commanded to appeare next day in Court to draw their lots." ||

One day later, 6 April, he and his lieutenant, Christopher Beresford, received grants of land in Marbletown,|| and on the 7th, "Captain Pawling" was made "Viewer for measuring and laying out of the Home Lots and Streets of Hurley and Marbleton," and for the determining of the fencing of these

* New York State Library Bulletin 58, Calendar of Council Minutes, p. 18.

† Minutes of the Executive Council of the Province of New York, vol. i, pp. 256-282.

‡ Ibid., Fac-simile of last page Court proceedings, with signatures facing p. 286.

|| Report of State Historian of New York, Colonial Series, vol. i, pp. 290, 291, 295, 379.

lots and lands. He was also chosen to supervise the building of a bridge * at Marbletown, in which latter service he was to be assisted by "Captain Thomas Chambers,† Surveyor General of his Ma'ties High-ways."

Twelve days thereafter his commission as Captain was signed by Governor Lovelace, a draft of which is of record in the Colonial Archives and reads:

"To Henry Pawling Capt'a By Vertue of ye Commission & authority unto mee given (by H's Royall Highness I do constitute & appoint) you Henry Pawling & you are hereby constituted & appointed to bee Capt of the foot comp'y listed & to be listed in the Townes of Marbleton & Hurley & Wyltwyck at Esopus. You are to take into y'r charge & care the s'd comp'a as Capt'a thereof & duly to exercise both yer inferior offic'ers & souldy'ers in Armes & to use y'er best care skill & endeavor to keepe them in good orders & discipline, hereby requiring all inferior officers & souldy'ers under yer charge to—likewise to observe & follow such orders & directions as you shall from time to time receive from mee & other your superior officers according to the discipline of warre.

"Given under my hand & seale this 18th day of Apr in ye 22th yeare of his Ma'ties Reigne Annoq Domini 1670."

On the back of the draft is an endorsement by Governor Lovelace, which reads in part as follows: "Whereas, Mr. Henry Pawling came over a soldier with my predecessor Colonel Richard Nicolls" ‡

Without doubt, Captain Pawling continued to exercise his military office, in connection with his civil one, as a court of appeals in Indian affairs, until that unexpected event, the re-occupation of New York by the Dutch in 1673. The occupation lasted only until July, 1674, when a treaty of peace restored it to English rule, and Sir Edmund Andross was sent over as governor, in whose first administration, or that of the previous Dutch interim, Captain Pawling would seem to have had no place. There was a quick succession of gubernatorial incumbents in New York, which at that time numbered about

* Report of State Historian of New York, Colonial Series, vol. 1, pp. 290, 291, 295, 379.

† Captain Thomas Chambers, the hero of Fort Wiltwyck in the Indian raid of 1663, and the original patentee of the manorial grant of Fox Hall, which was invested, by Governor Dongan in 1686, with power to hold Court Leet and Court Baron.

‡ Report of State Historian of New York, Colonial Series, vol. 1, p. 379.

40,000 inhabitants, and politics and religious bias, as in England, went hand in hand. The "Anglican Andross" was replaced by the "Papist Governor" Thomas Dongan, who, in turn, gave way for a second Andross régime in the person of his agent, Lieutenant-Governor Francis Nicholson.

The division of the colony into counties was one of the earliest of Governor Dongan's administrative acts, and Ulster County, so called from the Duke of York's Irish title, was established under that of 1 November, 1683. Two years later Captain Pawling was appointed by the governor its High Sheriff,* a position of dignity and responsibility which marked the measure of the man, and in which, for four years, he gave unqualified satisfaction. In February, 1689, he responded to a call for assistance in the war then pending against the French and Indians, and marched with a detachment of volunteers to Albany, where he arrived on the 13th of that month.† At Albany, he was a member of the Convention, composed of prominent military and civil officers, which assembled on the 15th for the consideration of measures defensive and offensive, Peter Schuyler, Mayor of Albany, being president. Schenectady had been burned by the savages; diverse of its inhabitants were in captivity; immediate action was necessary, and, on the 21st, among other resolutions,

"Itt was Proposed to yt gentⁿ of Sopus to levy 50 men out of there County for our assistance to lye in Garrison here, who Replied that they would use all Endeavors to Perswade there People for a Supply, but by there unhappy Revolutions and Distractions Some adhering to ye first majestarcy oyres to there new leaders They cannot Execute yt Power & Command as is Requisite on such occasions People being under no Regulation. Resolved to write to ye Civill & Military officers of Sopus for ye assistance of 50 men to lye in Garrison here to Defend there Majes King William & queen Mary's Interest in these Parts."‡

The "unhappy Revolutions and Distractions," alluded to by the gentlemen from Esopus, were, largely, those engendered by the supporters of the quondam Lieutenant-Governor Leisler,

* New York Civil List, p. 45.

† "Capt. Garten, Capt. Paling, Capt. Buckman, Capt. Matthys, with thirty men came from Sopus."—O'Callaghan's *Documentary History of the State of New York*, vol. ii, p. 88.

‡ Ibid., pp. 41-2.

and it would appear that, Captain Pawling and his associates did not desire to commit themselves or their constituency to the Leislerian policy of the hour. No record evidence is at hand to show him, at any time, a supporter of the first real republican ruler to attain to power in the new world, or, to have been an accessory to the death of the only political martyr to stain with his blood the soil of New York.

An interesting sidelight on the character of the subject of this sketch, and his vision of men and means, is to be found in the circumstance of his being, in 1666, while still in garrison service, so large a purchaser at the sale of Dr. Gysbert van Imbrock's library at Esopus. This was a remarkable sale of books for the time and place, and, it is perhaps equally remarkable that the titles thereof, together with the names of the purchasers and the prices paid, have been so largely preserved. Three hundred and sixty-eight books, at a cost of 130 gulden, were bought by Mr. Pawling, many of a religious nature, others school books. *Exquisite Proofs of Human Misery*, *Megapolensis' Short Way*, *Borstius' Succinct Ideas*, a *French Catechism*, *Stories of David*, and a *Gardiner's Book* are a few of the suggestive titles of his acquisition.*

Eleven years thereafter, 1676, as a signatory to the petition "for a minister to preach both English and Dutche, weh. will bee most fitting for this place, it being in its Minority," the man again stands out in the open, large, liberal, kindly.

His worldly goods and acres increased with his years. In addition to his first grants in the uplands of Marbletown, where he continued to reside, he secured by petition, in or about 1677, some twenty acres at Hurley, adjoining the Washmaker's lands, and also another tract at "Cuxing,"† on the west of Redoubt Kills‡ with a piece of woodland, together with forty additional acres at Marbletown. Shortly before his decease he purchased ten thousand acres known as Pawling's Purchase, on the east side of the Hudson River in Dutchess County, near Crum Elbow, a portion of which is now the pleasant village of Staatsburgh. The description of

* American Record Series A., Ulster County Wills, vol. i, pp. 24-5.

† Koxing Creek, a tributary of Rondout Creek.

‡ Redoubt Kills, i. e. Rondout Creek.

its survey,* for Jacob Regniers by Angus Graham, Surveyor General, 5 April, 1704, includes the patent of four thousand acres granted to the widow Pawling and her children,† 11 May, 1696. The present town of Pawling‡ in Dutchess County, through which runs the Harlem division of the New York Central Railroad, links the memory of this pioneer, together with that of his son, Ensign Albert Pawling, for whom it was so named, to the intimate association of to-day's activities. In 1778 a considerable detachment of American troops were stationed at Pawling, and for a time General Washington had his headquarters there.

The connection, if any, between Captain Henry Pawling of Ulster County and the Henry Pawling, said to have been of Padbury in Buckinghamshire, one of William Penn's supporters in his proposed Holy Experiment, the founding and settling of Pennsylvania, and a purchaser in 1681 of one thousand acres of Penn's fair lands along the Neshaminy, with two lots in his "dream city of Philadelphia," has not been ascertained. That they were not identical, as was suggested in Mrs. J. Frank Kitts' valuable article, the "Lineage of the Pawling Family," || or, in the "Annals of Phoenixville," by the late Hon^{ble} Samuel W. Pennypacker, is conclusive from the fact that, on the 10th 1st month, 1696/7, "Henry Pawling acknowledged in open Court of Bucks County, Pennsylvania," one year after the death of Captain Pawling, "a deed of 480 acres of land in fee, dated 4 December, 1689, acknowledged and declared by said Henry Pawlin grantor to Richard Burgess grantee, and the seal of the said deed being imperfect and broken, the said Pawlin did and new make the said seal." The lands of this "first purchaser" of Penn adjoined those of William Paxson, also of Buckinghamshire, in England, and

* New York Calendar of Land Papers, i, p. 146.

† Tjerck DeWitt and Anne his wife, by deed of 1 Nov., 1736, conveyed to son, Henry DeWitt, their estate right in and to a certain patent of 11 May, 1696, by which 4000 acres were granted to the children of Neeltje Pawling, widow of Henry Pawling, to wit: Jane, Wyntje, John, Albert, Anne, Henry and Mary, of which, said Anne is Anne DeWitt, party to these presents.—Dutchess County Deeds, Liber 1, ff. 285-87.

‡ Pawling Precinct was formed from Beekman Precinct, 31 Dec., 1768. The latter embraced the land granted to Col. Henry Beekman, whose daughter, Catharine, became the wife of Ensign Albert Pawling.

|| Published in *Old Ulster*, vol. i, pp. 339 et seq.

there were sundry land transactions between the two of record in Bucks County, to which Henry Pawlin came with the early settlers. Certain it is that he was there as early as September, 1687, and there remained until as late as 12 September, 1705, at which time he was serving on the Grand Jury.*

Captain Pawling closed his active, eventful and honorable life, at his seat in Marbletown, prior to 25 March, 1695, the date of probate of his will,† which had been executed 21 January, 1691. His entire estate was left to his wife, subject to the payment of his debts, with remainder at her decease to his children.

He married, on or about, 3 November, 1676,‡ Neeltje Roosa, daughter of Captain Albert Heymans Roosa|| by his wife Wyntje Ariens of Marbletown. She survived her husband and was living as late as 27 October, 1745, when she was a legatee under the will of her son, Ensign Albert Pawling.

Children, born, doubtless, at Marbletown:

1. i. JANE, m. John Cock of Marbletown, banns, 27 Oct., 1706.
- ii. WYNTIE, bapt. 20 July, 1679; m. as second wife, in 1698, Captain Richard Brodhead, son of Captain Daniel Broadhead by his wife Ann Tye.
2. iii. JOHN, m. (1) Aagje De Witt; (2) Ephra.
- iv. JAMES, bapt. 25 November, 1683; died young.
- v. ALBERT, bapt. 29 March, 1685; d. in 1745; m. 26 November, 1726, Catharine, daughter of Colonel Henry Beekman, and widow of Captain John Rutzen. He was an ensign in Marbletown, Ulster County, militia, 7 October, 1717, and represented Ulster County in the New York Assembly, 1726-1737. He had no issue.
- vi. ANNE, bapt. 19 June, 1687; d. before 1739; m. 18 January, 1708, Captain Tjerck De Witt, son of Captain Andries De Witt, bapt. 12 January, 1683; d. at Kingston, 30 August, 1762.
3. vii. HENRY, m. Jacomyntje Kunst.
- viii. MARY, bapt. 30 October, 1692; § m. Thomas Van Keuren.

* Minute Book Common Pleas and Quarter Sessions Courts, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, 1684-1730.

† See full copy of will, in Albert Schock Pawling's *Pawling Genealogy*, pp. 13-14.

‡ It is uncertain whether this is the date of the marriage, or that of the first publication of banns, probably the latter.

|| Albert Heymans Roosa came to New Netherland from Herwynen in Gelderland in the *Spotted Cow*, 15 April, 1660, with wife Wyntje Allard, or Arians, and eight children aged respectively 17, 15, 14, 9, 8, 7, 4 and 2 years. He settled in the Esopus district at Wyltwyck, now Kingston, where he was one of the first magistrates, and, in 1673, captain of the militia of Marbletown and Hurley. He died at Hurley, 27 Feby., 1679.

§ "After her father's death."—*Kingston Registers*.

2. JOHN² PAWLING (Captain Henry¹), born, probably, at Marbletown, Ulster County, New York; was baptized at Hurley, 2 October, 1681, and died in Perkiomen Township, Philadelphia, later Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, in June, 1733.

The larger part of his life was spent in the community of his birth, in the cultivation and improvement of his lands and the enlargement of his flocks and herds. Rugged and typical, industrious and sincere, he and several succeeding generations of his family clung to the soil, which rewarded his and their intelligence and discrimination with much more than a competence. Imperfect and meager are the memoranda of those early Marbletown days, but sufficient to show that, to such institutions as the emergencies of the time demanded and established, John Pawling gave his aid, with a predilection to military rather than civil affairs. As one of "the freeholders and inhabitants of Ulster County," he was a signer* to the petition and address of the Protestants of New York to King William III, dated 30 December, 1701, setting forth their loyalty to his majesty during the Leisler troubles.† In June, 1709, he was recommended for lieutenant in the Ulster County militia, under Captain Wessels Ten Broeck, raised for the proposed expedition against Canada, and in such capacity took part in the ill-fated campaign against that place, June to September, 1711.‡

It was about this time that his attention, together with that of his friend and neighbor Isaac Du Bois, was attracted to the fertile lands of Pennsylvania, where, on 26 March, 1709, a return of survey of 625 acres, for John Pawlin, was made to the office of the Proprietary. This tract along the Perkiomen in Van Bebber, later Perkiomen Township, then in Philadelphia County, purchased jointly and held in common by the two friends, was not divided until some years after both had left it forever. On 10 September, 1713, he, then described as "John Pawling of Marbletown in Ulster County in the Province of New York," purchased of James Shattick, of Phila-

* Of the 687 individual signers to this State paper only 61 made their mark.

† New York Colonial Documents, vol. iv, pp. 933-941.

‡ Report of the State Historian of New York, Colonial Series, vol. 1, pp. 434, 441.

delphia County, five hundred acres "beginning at a black oak at a corner of T. Padget's land and in the line of land belonging to the Free Society of Traders." That he somewhat promptly removed thereto is evidenced from a deed of 22 September, 5th George, [1719], by which he, at that time of Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, conveyed certain lands in Kingston to Gerrard Van Wagenen of the latter place. Aagje his wife was a party to the deed which was witnessed by Edward Farmer, Henry Pawling and Daniel Brodhead.* To these purchases in this picturesque region he made additions, notably a four hundred and fifty acre tract, also on the Perkiomen, with the edifices, tenements and mills, which, about 1730, he bought of Hans Jost Heijt.† On these broad acres, in addition to agricultural pursuits, he operated grist mills, and attained much material wealth and standing in his new environment, and Pawling's Mills became, says a local antiquarian, a well-known landmark in the surrounding country, as did Pawling's Ford, near where the Perkiomen empties its waters into the Schuylkill. In 1747, the mansion house and mills, situated directly within the two branches of the Perkiomen, devised by John Pawling to his eldest son, Henry Pawling, were sold by him to Peter Pennypacker, who added fulling mills to the grist mills already in operation some twenty or more years, and the place thereafter was known as Pennypacker's Mills. Under its new name it was made historic from being the camping ground of Washington's army before and after the Battle of Germantown, the old house being the headquarters of the commander-in-chief after the Battle of Brandywine.‡

During the Indian troubles of 1728 the settlers along the Schuylkill became alarmed at the news that the Flathead Indians, the Catawbias, had entered the Province with the inten-

* Ulster County Deeds, Liber Cle., f. 5.

† See also "The Pawlings on the Perkiomen," in *The Perkiomen Region*, edited by the late Henry S. Dotterer, vol. II, p. 57 et seq.

‡ It was then that Washington moved his army of eight thousand Continentals and two thousand militia to the head of the Skippack road at Pennypacker's Mills and fixed his headquarters in the house then owned by Samuel Pennypacker, 1746-1826. In the year 1900, forty acres of the original tract and the mansion house were acquired by the late Hon^{ble} Samuel W. Pennypacker, who restored the house and in it spent his last years and days.

tion of striking at the local Indians and settlers.* There were various petitions for means and measures of defence, and on 10 May in this year, Mr. Pawling was among those who petitioned for protection to the inhabitants of Falkner Swamp and Goshenhoppen against the common foe. Some disturbance was occasioned by the mistakes and misunderstandings of the white inhabitants, and the government, foreseeing trouble, commissioned John Pawling, Marcus Huling and Mordecai Lincoln † to assemble the colonists and put them in a position of defence. The work for which the Commission was appointed ‡ was undoubtedly well accomplished, since both John Pawling and Mordecai Lincoln were made justices of the peace and of the Courts of Philadelphia County, 5 March, 1732, and re-commissioned 3 December of the following year. The former was holding this position at the time of his decease.

His will, executed 5 May, 1733, proved 5 June following,|| described him as of "Bebber's township, gentleman," provided for the extension of the family burial ground § on the east side of the Perkiomen, "where divers of my family" are buried, and made extensive bequests to his children, with provision for wife Ephra. The eldest son, Henry, was given the Jost Heijt tract of four hundred and fifty acres, and the younger sons, John and Joseph, the home plantation and an equal division of the undivided Pawling-Dubois tract, all of which was to be occupied by the eldest son until the younger ones had severally attained the age of twenty-one years.

He married 1st., at Kingston, Ulster County, New York, 23 August, 1712, Aagje, daughter of Tjerek Classen De Witt,**

* Keith's "Chronicles of Pennsylvania from the English Revolution to the Peace of Aix-la-Chapelle, 1688-1748."

† Great-great-grand father of him who was, perhaps, America's greatest American, Abraham Lincoln.

‡ Pennsylvania Archives, Second Series, vol. ix, pp. 705-6.

|| Recorded Philadelphia Will Book E, p. 243.

§ "Whereas, there is a burying place upon the Land that I have bequeathed to my son *Joseph*, where divers of my family and others are buried. It is my will that there shall be a quarter of an acre of Land laid out commodious thereto, the wh. I do hereby give and bequeath for a burying ground from the day of my Decease thenceforward and forever."

** The surname De Witt is of unusual antiquity and eminence in the Low Countries, few more so. The first of this name in New Netherlands, Tjerk

one of the early magistrates of that county; baptized at Kingston, 14 January, 1684; died after 1725, and is, doubtless, one of those alluded to in her husband's will as interred in the family burying ground. The date of his second marriage, or the surname of "wife Ephraim," who survived him, has not been ascertained.

Children,* the four eldest born, probably, at Marbletown:

4. i. HENRY,³ bapt. 1 Nov., 1713; d. 1763.
- ii. ELEANOR, b. 22 Feby., 1715; m. her cousin, Henry Pawling.
- iii. HANNAH, living 5 May, 1733; died before 9 Sept., 1746.
- iv. DEBORAH, m. Christopher Ziegler.
- v. REBECCA, m. Captain Abraham De Haven.
5. vi. JOHN, b. 28 Aug., 1722; d. 23 Oct., 1789.
6. vii. JOSEPH, b. 1724; d. in May, 1797.

3. HENRY² PAWLING (Captain Henry¹), born, doubtless, at Marbletown, Ulster County, New York, in 1689; died in Lower Providence Township, Philadelphia, now Montgomery County, in 1739.

Little or nothing is known of his life in Ulster County save

Claessen De Witt," "van Grootholdt en Zunderlandt," probably Saterland, a district in Westphalia on the southern border of East Friesland, was married in the Dutch Reformed Church of New Amsterdam, 24 Apr., 1656, to "Barbara Andriessen van Amsterdam." After a time he settled at Wiltwyck (Kingston), where he died 17 Feby., 1700. Many of his descendants in both male and female lines have been distinguished as scientists, statesmen, in the learned professions and military life. Through his eldest son, *Capt. Andries De Witt*, he was great-grandfather of *Col. Charles De Witt*, 1727-1788, prominent in Ulster Co. throughout the political events which preceded and accompanied the Revolution; of *Mary De Witt* 1737-1795, who married Gen. James Clinton and was the mother of *De Witt Clinton*, 1769-1828, leading Federalist, liberal patron of the sciences, literature and art, and a really great governor of New York, 1817-1828; of *Thomas De Witt*, 1741-1809, Major in Third New York Regiment in the Revolution, whose eldest son, *Jacob H. De Witt*, was Adjutant in the War of 1812, later Colonel and Member of Congress 1819-1821; and great-great-great-grandfather of *Peter De Witt*, widely known lawyer of New York City, during the earlier part of the last century. *Simeon De Witt*, a member of Washington's military staff and, for more than fifty years, Surveyor-General of New York, also descended through the eldest son of the worthy pioneer.—See *De Witt Family of Ulster County, New York*, by Thomas Gried Evans, in the *New York Genealogical and Biographical Record*, vols. 17, 18, 22.

* By deed of 9 September, 1746, such of his children as were then living: Henry Pawling, John Pawling and Elizabeth his wife, Joseph Pawling and Elizabeth his wife, Henry Pawling of or near Schuylkill and Eleanor his wife, Abraham De Haven and Rebecca his wife and Christopher Ziegler and Deborah his wife, conveyed to the heirs of Isaac Dubois deceased, their interest in certain lands purchased in common by their deceased father and the said Isaac Dubois. In the body of the instrument the elder John Pawling is styled "Captain John Pawling."—*Philadelphia County Deed Book G No. 12, p. 731.*

that, in 1715, he served in Captain William Nottingham's Marbletown Company of Foot, Colonel Jacob Rutsen's Ulster County Regiment of militia.* By 22 September, 1719, his removal to Pennsylvania had been accomplished. This, without doubt, was simultaneous with that of his elder brother. He settled in Lower Providence Township, on a plantation of five hundred acres at the confluence of the Schuylkill and Perkiomen, opposite what later became the almost sacred hills of Valley Forge. To the early settlers this region was known as the fat land of the Egypt District, and the analogy is close between these fair lands, so regularly inundated by the spring freshets and encrusted with the rich alluvial soil brought down by the upper river, and those in the East enriched by the annual life-bearing overflow of the Nile. His choice for a home and farm-stead could scarcely have been excelled. Robert Sutcliff, the English diarist, said of it in 1804:† "I am convinced that it is one of the most beautiful and healthful situations I have known either in England or America." Just prior to the Revolution, a portion of this estate was purchased by James Vaux of Croyden, near London, England, the ancestor of the present Philadelphia family of his surname, and for many years was known as "Vaux Hall."‡ Here Henry Pawling devoted himself to agriculture and reaped a competence. The inventory of his real and personal estate includes: eight slaves, eight horses, twenty-five cattle, thirty-one sheep and fourteen pigs.

From an early date the Pawlings were prominently identified || with the Episcopal church of St. James, Perkiomen. At the first recorded meeting of its vestry, 2 October, 1737,

* Report of New York State Historian, Colonial Series, vol. 1, p. 561.

† "Colonial Homes of Philadelphia and its Neighborhood," by Harold Donaldson Eberlein and Horace Mather Lippincott, pp. 189-198.

‡ In 1804, Vaux Hall went into the possession of William Bakewell, who re-named it "Fatlands." Subsequently it passed by purchase into the hands of descendants of Samuel Wetherill, the able leader of the Fighting Quakers. One of these, as an act of pious patriotism, gave the use of the private burial ground at "Fatlands" for the re-interment of those who had been buried in the Free Quakers' Graveyard on the west side of Fifth Street below Locust Street, Philadelphia, and whose remains it became necessary, in Nov. 1905, to remove. The tombstone inscriptions of this ground will be found in the *Publications of The Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania*, vol. III, pp. 135-38.

|| *Pennsylvania Magazine of History*, vol. xix, pp. 87-95.

14 *The Pawling Family of New York and Pennsylvania.*

Henry Pawling is present as a vestryman, and at that of June, 1738, as church warden.* In its grounds he was buried, and there a granite stone still plainly records: "In Memory of / Henry Pawling / who Died August the / 30th 1739. Aged 50 Years."

He married, 26 June, 1713, Jacomyntje,† daughter of Cornelis Borents Kunst by his wife Jacomyntje Slecht of Hurley, who survived him, and, with son Henry, administered on his estate, 10 October, 1739.

Children,‡ the first three baptized at Kingston:

7. i. HENRY,³ bapt. 27 June, 1714.
- ii. SARAH, bapt. 8 July, 1716; survived her father.
- iii. ELIZABETH, bapt. 22 March, 1719; survived her father.
- iv. BARNEY, was living in 1791; m. before 12 Dec., 1754, Elizabeth, only surviving child of Josiah James of Phila. Co. In 1766 he was a warrantee of lands in Berks Co., Penna. He was probably the father of *Josiah*,⁴ *Isaac* and *John*, enrolled in Philadelphia Co. for service during the Revolution; of *Rebecca*, who m. David Schryver of New York, and *Elizabeth*, who m. Owen Glancy.||
8. v. LEVI, m. Helena Burhans.
- vi. ELEANOR, m. before 22 Apr., 1746, James Morgan.
9. vii. JOHN, b. 27 Dec., 1732.

4. HENRY³ PAWLING (Lieutenant John,² Captain Henry¹), baptized at Kingston, New York, 1 November, 1713; died in Cumberland County, Pennsylvania, in or about April, 1763.

He had not reached his majority when his father's death brought upon him, not only the responsibility of the education of his younger brothers, but the administration of their considerable landed estate as well as that of his own, a total aggregation of twelve hundred acres. In "A List of the Names of the Inhabitants of the County of Philadelphia, with

* The church was, in 1738, broken into and robbed of a pulpit cloth and cushion of plush purple fringed with black silk, also a pewter communion service and baptismal basin. A reward of five pounds was offered by the wardens, William Moore and Henry Pawling.—*Pennsylvania Gazette*.

† 2 April, 1729, Henry Pawling and wife Jacomyntje "of Philadelphia in Pennsylvania" were signatories to quit-claim deed to land in Dutchess Co., N. Y., Dutchess Co. Deeds.

‡ An un-recorded deed of 22 Apr., 1746, from Levi Pawling of Marbletown, N. Y. to James Morgan of Philadelphia Co., Pa., recites that, Henry Pawling died intestate leaving eldest son Henry, dau. Sarah, dau. Elizabeth, son Barney, son Levi (the grantee), son John, and dau. Eleanor married to James Morgan, the said grantee.

|| For descendants of Owen Glancy and Elizabeth Pawling, see Jones Family, by Mrs. Ellen M. Beale; also Rodman Family, by the late Charles Henry Jones Esq.

the quantity of Land they respectively hold therein, according to the uncertaine Returns of the Constables Anno Dom: 1734," his name appears, with the foregoing acreage, as the largest landholder in "Parkiomen and Skippak Township," indeed, the largest in the County.*

His father's will suggests his trustworthiness; his advertisement in the *Pennsylvania Gazette* his progressiveness. It reads:

1462249

"December 12, 1735. There has been ever since March last, about the plantation of Henry Pawlin, junior in Perkiomen, a flea-bitten mare branded S. T. upon the near Shoulder, with a reddish Spot upon her Flank and a Bell about her Neck. She is about 13 hands high, and has now a young Colt with her. Whoever owns her is desired to come and fetch her and pay the charges.

HENRY PAWLIN JR."

The qualities mentioned, together with the landed estate which he controlled afforded him a recognized position in the county, and, in 1748, on or about 4 August, he was appointed Captain in the Associated Regiment of Philadelphia County, commanded by Colonel Edward Jones.†

Between 1741 and 1745 he received from the Proprietary four warrants for lands then in Lancaster, later in Antrim Township, Cumberland County, one containing seven hundred and forty-five acres, and another one hundred and twenty-one acres. This acquisition was, doubtless, the compelling cause of his disposal of the four hundred and fifty acre tract, received under his father's will, known as Pawling's Mills, to Peter Pennypacker, and his removal westward to what then was practically the frontier, where he died.

His will of 31 December, 1762, proved 19 April, 1763,‡ named but two children, a son Henry, and daughter Ellinor still in her minority. His only other legatees were: "the sons of my brother-in-law, Henry Pawling of Philadelphia."

He was, probably, twice married.|| His wife, at the execution of his will, was Mary, daughter of Nicholas Hickes of Cumberland County, whom he had married prior to 6 Sep-

* *Publications of The Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania*, vol. 1, p. 180.

† *Pennsylvania Archives*, second series, vol. ii, p. 504.

‡ *Cumberland County Wills*, Liber A, f. 106.

|| See *Pennsylvania Gazette*, July, 1742.

16 *The Pawling Family of New York and Pennsylvania.*

tember, 1749, and whom he made the executrix of his estate,* The date of her death has not been ascertained.

Children:

- i. HENRY,⁴ b. circa 1748; received from John Penn a patent for his father's Cumberland County lands, dated 31 Oct., 1769; served in the County militia during the Revolution, and was a delegate to the Convention of Associated Battalions held at Lancaster, 4 July, 1776, to choose Brigadier Generals to command the Provincial forces. In 1783 he was a candidate for the Legislature. He was living in Kentucky in 1791 with the rank of Colonel. He died intestate in February, 1794.† His heir at law was an only sister Eleanor, then the wife of Dr. Johnston. His widow, Sarah m. Benjamin Price.
- ii. ELEANOR, m. Dr. Robert Johnston, a distinguished surgeon in the Pennsylvania Line during the Revolution. It was at his house, in Franklin County, that Washington stopped to dine when on his way to quell the Whiskey Insurrection. It was also at his house, that the death occurred of the eminent Revolutionary surgeon, Dr. Barnabas Binney, ancestor of the Binney family of Philadelphia.‡

5. JOHN³ PAWLING (Lieutenant John,² Captain Henry¹), born on the Perkiomen, Philadelphia, later Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, 28 August, 1722; died there, 23 October, 1789.

Towards the close of the so-called War of the Austrian Succession he was, in 1748, commissioned ensign in the Provincial forces, Captain Abraham De Haven's Company of the Philadelphia County Associated Regiment of Foot.||

In the census of 1756 for Skippack and Perkiomen, he is listed as farmer with three children under twenty-one, four hundred acres, two negroes, two horses, two mares, fourteen sheep and twenty horned cattle; in that of 1776, he had four hundred and seventy acres, four negroes, four horses and four horned cattle. At the execution of his will, 12 October, 1789,§ he was also the owner of a house and lot in Philadelphia.¶

* Egle's "Notes and Queries," fourth series, vol. i, p. 216; also will of Nicholas Hickey in Abstracts of Cumberland County Wills, COLLECTIONS OF THE GENEALOGICAL SOCIETY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

† 4 Yeates, p. 526, Pennsylvania Supreme Court Reports.

‡ *Pennsylvania Magazine of History and Biography*, vol. 24, p. 47.

|| Pennsylvania Archives, second series, vol. ii, p. 504.

§ Philadelphia County Wills.

¶ "On the west side of Second Street opposite the New Market, bounded eastward with Second Street, southward with ground of Edward Shippen, westward with a four foot alley and leading into Lombard Street." The income of this was to be applied "to the use of daughter Rebecca Lynch."

He was chosen a vestryman of St. James', Perkiomen, 26 April, 1749, and continued as such, under yearly re-elections, until 1760. After this, he was more or less identified with the Rev. Henry Melchoir Muhlenberg's Congregation at Trapp, in the adjoining township of Providence, drawn thereto doubtless by the eloquence of the "Patriarch of the Lutheran Church in America." It is to him that Dr. Muhlenberg refers in his Journal under, "Wednesday, March 12, 1777: Mr John Pawling sent word that his married daughter had died and was to be buried in our churchyard tomorrow and requested my services." Some years previous to this, one of his younger daughters, and one or more of his negro dependants, had been baptized by the good Doctor, and, something more than a decade later, he and his wife were buried in the God's Acre adjoining the Trappe Church, one of the historic churches of the Commonwealth. The ledger stone over their graves reads: "In Memory of / John Pawling / who Departed this Life / October the 23^d 1789 / Aged 67 years 1 month / and 25 Days. / Elizabeth Pawling, / wife of John Pawling / Born May 16, 1723 / Died Dec. 9, 1791.

His wife, Elizabeth, was the daughter of Herman DeHaven by his wife Annica Updengraf.

Children, all born on the Perkiomen:

- i. ANN,⁴ buried 13 March, 1777; m. Jacob Pennypacker; had issue.
- ii. DEBORAH, m. William Twaddell; had issue.
- iii. HANNAH, m. John Hiester, 1745-1821, colonel in the Revolution and major-general after the war; represented Chester County in the State Senate 1802-06, and was member of Congress, 1807-09. Ex-Governor Guy of Wisconsin descends from this line.
- iv. REBECCA, m. 13 April, 1786, Michael Lynch.
- v. RACHEL, b. 13 July, 1765; bapt. 31 March, 1766; m. 7 April, 1784, George Reiff of Lower Salford Township. The late Major George G. Groff, M. D., Ph. D., of Bucknell University, is a descendant of this marriage.

6. JOSEPH³ PAWLING (Lieutenant John,² Captain Henry¹), born on the Perkiomen, Philadelphia, later Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, in or about 1724; died there in May, 1797.

Under his father's will he had an estate of nearly four hundred acres along the Perkiomen — one-half of the home plantation and one-half of his father's portion of the un-

divided Dubois tract, the middle of the creek being the division line between his and his brother John's farmstead. According to the Perkiomen-Skippack census of 1756, he then had four hundred acres, four children, one slave, &c. In 1776, he was taxed for three hundred acres, two negroes, four horses, six cattle. To his patrimonial estate he made some additions, one, in 1774, of one hundred and fifteen acres which he subsequently conveyed to his son Benjamin,* and for years preceding his decease was counted as of large means and standing in his community. He lived in "the times which tried men's souls," and he passed the ordeal to the full satisfaction of a man's most scrutinizing critics, his neighbors.

His early religious affiliations appear to have been, mainly, with the Evangelical Lutheran Augustus Church of New Providence, commonly called the Old Trappe Church. There several of his children were baptized by Dr. Muhlenberg, and there he was one of the largest contributors to the support of Dr. Muhlenberg, and there, too, he probably remained until after the death of this well-beloved pastor of his people. During the Revolution and immediately following, largely through the activity of the Pawling family, St. James' Perkiomen, so the minutes of the vestry attest,† took strong measures to meet the new condition of public sentiment, and Mr. Slator Clay, receiving deaconate orders, was placed in charge. At the meeting of the congregation and vestry, 22 April, 1788, to provide for Mr. Clay's continuance, Joseph Pawling was elected vestryman, and continued to serve in this office, or as trustee or church-warden, until 4 April, 1793, when he was succeeded by his son Benjamin, who had first been elected vestryman, 17 May, 1776.‡ Mr. Pawling was one of the largest contributors to the support of the Rev. Mr. Clay, as he had been to that of Dr. Muhlenberg, and in the allotment of pews, 20 December, 1788, he was assigned pew No. 2, his cousin, Judge Henry Pawling, having the first pew.

His will of 12 January, 1797, proved 29 May following,||

* Montgomery County Deeds, Liber 1, f. 266.

† Copy of Vestry Minutes, 2 Act., [1737] to 28 March, 1799, in possession of The Historical Society of Pennsylvania.

‡ "Benjamin Pawling of Perkiomen."

|| Recorded Montgomery County Will Book 2, p. 2.

provided for wife, Elizabeth, and the children hereinafter given. The inventory of his personalty included four slaves: Phillis, Peter, Anthony Mix and Pegg, valued at \$205. Two hundred and forty-nine acres of his land was appraised at £2929.

He married, before 9 September, 1746, Elizabeth ———, who, with her husband, is interred in the family burying ground, to which he, having received it under his father's will, made by his own a considerable addition,* and which, under the trust therein established, is still in a good state of preservation, as are the tombstones of Mrs. Pawling and her son Benjamin.

Children, all born in Perkiomen Township:

- i. RACHEL,⁴ d. 11 Oct., 1828; m. 10 Oct., 1771, Lewis Truckenmiller† of Skippack, Revolutionary soldier, Pennsylvania militia, 1778; d. Oct., 1826.‡ Issue: 1. *John⁵ T. Miller*. 2. *Hannah T. Miller*, m. Solomon Grimley. 3. *William T. Miller*. 4. *Elizabeth T. Miller*, m. Adam Hatfield, Captain in Fifty-first Regiment, Penna. Militia in War of 1812, who died at Philadelphia, 8 Jan., 1846, in his sixty-sixth year; buried in Trappe churchyard. These latter were the parents of Dr. Nathan L. Hatfield, b. 2 Aug., 1804; d. 29 Aug., 1887, an eminent physician, and president of the Philadelphia Board of Health 1846-47, and father of the late Walter Hatfield, a prominent iron-master of Phila., the late Dr. Nathan Hatfield, surgeon to the Philadelphia Hospital, and of Major Henry Reed Hatfield, a member of the Board of Managers of The Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania.
- ii. BENJAMIN, b. 25 Dec., 1750; bapt. 25 Aug., 1751; d. 9 Oct., 1800; m. Rebecca, dau. of Samuel and Rebecca Lane, b. 28 Feb., 1756; d. 19 Sept., 1830; Revolutionary soldier, 2d lieut., Capt. William Bull's Company, First Battalion, Phila. Co. militia, in 1778. Issue: 1. *Elizabeth*,⁵ b. Feb., 1777; m. 20 Feb., 1803, Edward Vanderslice. 2. *Joseph*, married and had three sons, BENJAMIN, CURTIS, and ALBERT, who settled in Wabash, Indiana. 3. *Sarah*, m. 8 June, 1806, Evan Rees. 4. *Samuel Lane*, went to Union Co., Penna. 5. *Rebecca*, m. ——— Millon. 6. *Mary*, m. Benjamin Davis. 7. *Harriet*, m.

* "Two acres for a family burying ground to run from the lower end of said burying ground to a small run of the Northeast bank thence along said bank up the run so as to take in two acres of land, as [there] is some dead already buried there, and to[o] for the family or as many of them as choose to bury their dead there. which said two acres of land I give and devise to my sons Benjamin and Joseph their heirs etc. in trust for the use of a burying ground."

† According to his signature. His children and grand-children however divided the surname, using the letter T, as a prefix to Miller.

‡ By deed of April, 1829, the heirs of Lewis Truckenmiller joined in conveying land bequeathed to his wife Rachel by her father, Joseph Pawling. The deed recites that, the said Rachel had deceased leaving the following children: John T. Miller, Hannah T. Grimley, William T. Miller and Elizabeth T. Hatfield.—Montgomery County Deed Book 45, p. 129.

- John S. Davis. 8. *Eleanor*, d. unmarried. 10. *Benjamin*, was living in Iowa in 1871.
- iii. JOSEPH, b. 28 Aug., 1753; d. 23 Oct., 1840; m. (1) 29 Sept., 1783, *Susannah Lukens*; m. (2) 5 Nov., 1793, *Mary Shannon*, b. 20 Mar., 1766; d. 8 Mar., 1839. Mr. Pawling served in the Pennsylvania militia during the Revolution. About 1794 he removed to Snyder Co., Penna., and later to Salem, Union Co., where he died. Many of his descendants still reside in this vicinity. Issue by first marriage: 1. *John*,^s settled in Kentucky. Issue by second marriage: 2. *Samuel*, b. 9 Feb., 1794; d. 23 Nov., 1874; m. 24 Jan., 1815, *Elizabeth Woodling*, and had issue.* 3. *Joseph*, b. 23 Sept., 1797; d. 6 Oct., 1846; m. 14 Feb., 1826, *Margaret Rebecca Ritzman*, and had issue. 4. *Nathan*, b. 28 Feb., 1808; removed to Knox Co., Ill., and had issue. 5. *Elizabeth*, m. *Ezekiel Davis*. 6. *Maria Teresa*, m. *Samuel Stetler*, resided at Bloomsburg, Penna. 7. *Hannah*, m. *Jacob Woodling*. 8. *Susannah*, m. *Christian Houtz*, resided in Utah.
- iv. MARIA ELIZABETH, b. 5 Oct., 1756; bapt. 5 Jan., 1757; m. *William Shannon*.
- v. HANNAH, bapt. 9 Aug., 1761; m. *John De Haven*.
- vi. ANNA, b. 6 June; bapt. 9 Aug., 1762; m. 9 Oct., 1788, *Jonathan Jones*.

7. HENRY³ PAWLING (Henry,² Captain Henry¹), baptized at Kingston, New York, 27 June, 1714; died in Providence Township, Montgomery County, Pennsylvania, in November, 1792.

He succeeded to his father's estate on the Schuylkill and rose to prominence in local and Provincial affairs. From 25 May, 1752, he was for some years justice of the peace and of the Courts of Common Pleas for Philadelphia County, and served as a member of the Provincial Assembly from that county in 1751, and from 1764 consecutively until the outbreak of the Revolution.† In 1761 he was appointed commissioner for improving the navigation of the Schuylkill River, in which position he was, in 1773, succeeded by his son John Pawling, Jr. He was also appointed in 1761 to take charge of a building operation and the preparation of a planting ground for the friendly Indians at Wyoming. In the assessment list of Perkiomen Township for 1776, he appears as Henry Pawling, Esq^r., with two hundred and ninety acres, two negroes, four horses and eleven cows.

* From this line descends Albert Schock Pawling of Lewisburg, Penna., Compiler of the PAWLING GENEALOGY, 1905.

† Oct. 1, 1770. Went to the State House to give my vote for Joseph Fox, Michael Hillegas, Henry Pawling, Thomas Livezey, Thomas Mifflin, George Gray, Samuel Miles and Edward Pennington for Assemblymen.—Diary of Jacob Hiltzheimer, p. 22.

The example of the father in his connection with St. James' Church, Perkiomen, was followed by the son, who, elected church warden 4 April, 1743, continued to serve as such, or as a vestryman, until his decease. Measured by the Minutes of the Vestry, Mr. Pawling was, during all this period, its most active parishioner. By his will, he left a legacy of ten pounds towards the enclosure of its churchyard with a stone wall. His sons Henry, John and Nathan were also vestrymen.

Judge Pawling's will of 18 November, 1781, proved 3 November, 1792, provided that, his lands in the Schuylkill River, called "Catfish Island," should be sold; that his son Henry should have the remainder of his tract in Providence Township, with mansion house and between two and three hundred acres; that daughter, Catharine Stalford, should receive two hundred and seventy-five acres of land in Lucerne County and all silver plate; and that his interest in lands on Wyalusing Creek in Northumberland County should, after paying an incumbrance of £250 to daughter Rachel Bartholomew, be vested in his grandson, Levi Pawling. The instrument further provided a competence for all his children, either in lands or money, and legacies to his brother, Barney Pawling and cousin-nephew, Colonel Henry Pawling of Kentucky. James Vaux, his neighbor, was constituted one of his executors.

He married, about 1740, his cousin Eleanor, daughter of Lieutenant John Pawling by his wife Aagje De Witt, born, probably, at Marbletown, 22 February, 1715, and died before the execution of her husband's will.

Children, born, probably, in Lower Providence Township:

- i. RACHEL,⁴ b. 1742; d. 1794; m. Col. Edward Bartholomew, of Philadelphia.
- ii. JOHN, b. 17 May, 1744; will proved 24 June, 1815; m. 9 Sept., 1771, Elizabeth, only daughter of Rees Morgan of Lancaster County, by his wife Margaret Edwards. On Assessment List of Providence Township, 1776, for two hundred acres, &c. Issue: 1. *Margaret*,⁵ m. 25 Mar., 1792, Robert Adolf Farmer. 2. *Henry*, living at the making of his grandfather's will, but not at that of his father's. 3. *Eleanor*, b. 1 Aug., 1775; d. 16 June, 1855; m. 2 July, 1795, John Cornman, M. D., of Phila., who d. 23 Apr., 1813. 4. *Elizabeth*. 5. *John Morgan*, b. 1 Dec., 1783; d. 26 Nov., 1838; m. 1 Feb., 1811, Rebecca Prather. 6. *Rachel*, d. unmarried at Greencastle, Penna., 20 June, 1861. 7. *Fanny*.
- iii. HENRY, b. 25 Sept., 1746; d. 23 Oct., 1822; buried at St. James', Perkiomen; m. 11 Dec., 1769, Rebecca, dau. of William Bull.

He was Captain in Col. Robert Lewis' Battalion of the Flying Camp in 1776.* In 1784 he was appointed one of the Commissioners for the new county of Montgomery and was also one of its first Associate Judges. Issue: 1. *Levi*,⁵ b. 1770; d. 1845; m. 17 Oct., 1804, Elizabeth, dau. of Maj. Gen. Joseph Hiester, Governor of Pennsylvania, who died at Norristown, 27 July, 1826. Distinguished as a lawyer and Federalist, he filled many positions of trust in his town and county, and was Member of Congress 1817-19.† He had three sons and four daughters: JOSEPH⁶ HIESTER PAWLING, 1806-1847. HENRY DEWITT PAWLING, M. D., 1810-1892, the well-known physician of King of Prussia, Pa.; m. Anna D., dau. of Levi Bull of West Chester. JAMES MUEHLENBERG PAWLING, ESQ., 1811-1838; m. Lydia Wood. ELIZABETH PAWLING, m.† Hon. Thomas Ross of Doylestown, Pa., eminent lawyer and Congressman, 1849-53. ELLEN PAWLING, m. Henry Freedley, Esq., of Norristown. REBECCA PAWLING, m., as second wife, Henry Freedley, Esq. MARY PAWLING, m. Sylvester N. Rich, Esq., of Philadelphia. 2. *Henry*, named in his father's will, 5 July, 1817. 3. *William*, of Pawling's Bridge, d. 1835, leaving three sons: HENRY⁶ PAWLING, THOMAS PAWLING, ALBERT PAWLING. 4. *Eleanor*, m. 28 Feb., 1799, James Milnor, Esq., of Philadelphia, Member of Congress, 1811-1813, who, abandoning the law, entered the ministry of the Episcopal Church; was Doctor of Divinity and rector of St. George's, New York, 1816-1844.

- iv. BENJAMIN, m. after 1776, Susanna Ballinger. Revolutionary soldier in 1778; named in father's will; said to have removed to Canada.
- v. NATHAN, b. 1750; d. unmarried 27 March, 1795; Revolutionary soldier; Cornet of the Montgomery County Troop of Horse, in 1786; Lieutenant of Light Dragoons, commanded by Capt. James Morris, in 1792; High Sheriff of Montgomery County; buried at St. James', Perkiomen.
- vi. JESSE, named in his father's will; officer in British army; removed to Canada.
- vii. WILLIAM, d. about August, 1845.
- viii. CATHARINE, m. Joseph Stalford; removed to Luzerne Co., Pa. Their son, *John Pawling Stalford*, b. Perkiomen, 20 Oct., 1788; d. Wyalusing, Bradford Co., Pa., 27 Jan., 1863; was the father of John Bradford Stalford, now, or late, the president of the Bank of Wyalusing.

8. LEVI³ PAWLING (Henry,² Captain Henry¹), born in Lower Providence Township, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, circa 1722; died at Marbletown, Ulster County, New York, in March, 1782.

Inheriting the considerable estate of his uncle, Albert Pawling, Esq., at Marbletown, his removal thereto had been accom-

* Pennsylvania Associators and Militia. vol. 1, p. 558.

† In this connection see also AUGE'S MEN OF MONTGOMERY COUNTY," pp. 252 et seq.

‡ Of the issue of this marriage; Hon. Henry Pawling Ross, was President Judge of Mont. County Courts, and George Ross, Esq., was a well-known lawyer at Doylestown and a member of the Constitutional Convention.

plished before 22 April, 1746. At this time he, described as of that place, was party to a conveyance of land on the Schuylkill and Perkiomen to his brother-in-law, James Morgan. After this, his life was identified with Ulster County and the Provincial affairs of New York, where he achieved a large measure of distinction in the field of politics and military service.

On 17 September, 1761, he was appointed one of a Commission to hold a meeting with the Delaware Indians relative to the renewal of a treaty of peace. He was a member of the Provincial Convention which met at New York, 20 April, 1775, to elect delegates to represent the Province in the Continental Congress; a member of the Fourth Provincial Congress and Representative Convention, 1776-77, and also a member of the second Council of Safety which continued in session from 8 October, 1777, to 7 January, 1778, and was succeeded by the Legislative Convention. An early justice of the peace, he was appointed by an ordinance of the Provincial Convention, 8 May, 1777, first Judge of the Ulster County Courts. He was also State Senator from Kingston district, 1777 to 1782. During the Revolution he was Colonel commanding the Third Regiment, Ulster County Militia, under commission of 28 October, 1775.

His will of February, 1782, was proved 19 March following. It named wife "Halana" and children Albert, Henry, Levi and Margaret.

He married at Kingston, 12 October, 1749, Helena, daughter of William Burhans by his wife Gretje Ten Eyck.

Children, born at Marbletown:

- i. ALBERT,⁴ bpt. 22 Apr., 1754; d. Troy, N. Y., 10 Nov., 1837; m. (1) 28 Apr., 1782, Gretje Ten Eyck, b. 21 Nov., 1756; d. 23 May, 1789; m. (2) Eunice, dau. of Col. Joshua Porter, and widow of Joshua Stanton. In the Revolution, he became successively cornet of Light Horse, lieutenant Third Regiment, Continental Line, brigade-major on staff of Gen. Clinton, lieutenant-colonel commanding an Ulster Co. regiment, and, he is said to have been a colonel on Washington's staff. He was, in 1791, the first High Sheriff of the newly erected Rensselaer County, and became one of the founders of and the first president of the village of Troy, 1802-1816, and its first mayor 1816-1820, after its incorporation as a city. He served on many important committees and, in 1824, was chairman of the committee to provide for the reception of General Lafayette.
- ii. HENRY, b. 22 April, 1752; d. 29 June, 1836; m. 12 March, 1782, Anna, dau. of Rev. John W. Brown, who died at Hagaman's

Mills, Montgomery Co., N. Y., 29 Dec., 1828; m. (2) Mrs. Sela Wells. A Revolutionary soldier, he became Captain in the Second Regiment, New York Continental Line. Upon the fall of Forts Clinton and Montgomery, he was captured and confined for months in the prison ship *Archer*, and later on the *Myrtle*. His military Journal, now or late in the possession of Sutherland DeWitt, Esq., vividly describes the hardships on the former ship. The war ended, he settled in Montgomery Co., where he was Captain of Light Infantry in 1786, and which he represented in the State Legislature of 1798-9. He was also town-clerk of Amsterdam in 1798. His descendants are to be found in Montgomery and Steuben Counties, to the latter of which he removed shortly before his death.

iii. WILLIAM, bpt. 3 July, 1757; d. unmarried, before his father.

iv. LEVI, b. 12 Oct., 1759; m. 16 Oct., 1787, Jane, dau. of Alexander and Jane (Armour) Wilson.

v. MARGARET, bpt. 1 July, 1764; m. Levi Deyo, son of Peter Deyo, by his wife Elizabeth Helm.

9. JOHN³ PAWLING (Henry,² Captain Henry¹), born in Lower Providence Township, Philadelphia County, Pennsylvania, 27 December, 1732; died at Rhinebeck, Dutchess County, New York, 30 December, 1819, and is buried in the graveyard of the old Dutch Reformed Church of that place.

He settled in that part of Rhinebeck Precinct known as Staatsburgh, which included the land purchased from the widow Pawling and her children, by Dr. Samuel Staats. Here, in 1761, he built a stone house on the post road on land originally part of that patented to his paternal grandmother.* Occupied with the peaceful pursuits of husbandry, he nevertheless followed the military traditions of his family and attained the rank of major in the Provincial forces. His captaincy in the Crown Point Expedition is thus noted in the Book of Military Appointments, etc., in 1759-60: "April 28, 1759. John Pawling Capt. For Dutchess County gave Capt Pawling his Comm'n & Qualified him, d[elivere]d him his 2 Lt Comm'n and Warr't on the Treasurer."† He is called Major Pawling in the Muster Roll of men raised in y^e County of Dutchess and passed for Capt. Peter Harris's Company, May y^e 1: 1760." The fact of the latter title is further evidenced by a bond, bearing date 3 November, 1767, between

* May 19, 1729. Description of the boundaries of a patent granted to Neeltje Pawling, in Dutchess beginning at a river side and running eastward, by the side of a fresh meadow called Mansakin and a small creek called Nancapacommak and following said southerly and southeasterly as it runs to Hudson's River by the Crum Elbow called by the Indian name Eaquorsinck containing within the said bounds 4000 acres.—New York Calendar of Land Papers, p. 194.

† Report of the State Historian of New York Colonial Series, vol. II, pp. 515, 520, 557.

"Major John Pawling of Staatsburgh, Dutchess County, Levi Pawling Esq. of Marbletown, Ulster County, and Johannes Cramer of Oswego, Beekman's Precinct, New York." * In the struggle between the Colonies and the mother country, Major Pawling espoused the cause of the former and served it with fidelity.

He married, first, at Kingston, 23 May, 1754,† his cousin Neeltje, daughter of Thomas Van Keuren by his wife Mary Pawling; second, 15 April, 1770, Marietje, daughter of Jacob Van Deusen by his wife Alida Ostrander.

Children of first marriage:

- i. HENRY,⁴ b. 30 Nov., 1755; d. Johnstown, N. Y., in 1825; m. Elizabeth ———. Revolutionary soldier.
- ii. CORNELIUS, b. 22 Jan., 1758. Revolutionary soldier.
- iii. JOHN, b. 24 Oct., 1760. Revolutionary soldier.
- iv. MARY, bpt. 11 Nov., 1764; m. ——— Kane.

Children of second marriage:

- v. LEVI, b. 29 Jan., 1771; d. Staatsburgh, 12 Feb., 1858; m. (1) Gertrude T., dau. of Harman Jansen Knickerbocker; m. (2) 18 May, 1816, Hannah, dau. of Stephen Griffing by his wife Elizabeth Uhl. Among the children of the latter marriage: Gertrude,⁵ b. 25 Apr., 1822; m. David Wallace of Hyde Park, N. Y., and had: 1. JOHN 'ALVA WALLACE, m. Emeline Coyle; these latter were the parents of Katharine, wife of John Frank Kitts, author of *The Lineage of the Pawling Family*. 2. MARY CAROLINE WALLACE, m. John B. Roach, the late eminent shipbuilder of Chester, Penna., who was survived by five children: William Macpherson Roach and John Roach of Chester, Penna.; Mrs. Charles E. Schuyler of New York, since deceased; Mrs. George Forbes of Baltimore, widow of Frederick Farwell Long, M. D., and Emeline, wife of the Hon. William Cameron Sproul, State Senator of Penna., and president of Union League, Philadelphia.
- vi. ELEANOR, b. 11 Mar., 1772; d. Rhinebeck, 11 Sept., 1862; m. Capt. Peter Brown.
- vii. RACHEL, b. 13 Feb., 1774; d. Staatsburgh, 22 Nov., 1850; m. Christopher Hughes.
- viii. ALIDA, m. Peter Ostrom.
- ix. CATHARINE, b. 21 May, 1778; d. young.
- x. JESSE, b. 2 Mar., 1780; m. 14 Oct., 1804, Leah, dau. of William Radcliff. He was commissioned second lieutenant, Dutchess Co. Artillery Company, 1814.
- xi. JACOMYNTIE, b. 25 May, 1782; m. 18 Dec., 1803, Wait Jaques.
- xii. ELIZABETH, b. 5 Aug., 1784; d. 27 Sept., 1872; m. 5 June, 1803, William P. Stoutenburgh.
- xiii. REBECCA, b. 4 Apr., 1785; d. 13 June, 1832; m. Frederick Streit Uhl.
- xiv. JACOB, b. 4 Mar., 1787; d. Watertown, N. Y., 23 Mar., 1877; m. 27 Feb., 1822, Martha, dau. of Capt. Isaac Russell.
- xv. CATHARINE, b. 28 Dec., 1789; m. (1) Jacob Conklin; (2) John Coyle.

* Dutchess County Deeds, Liber 5, f. 208.

† First publication of banns.

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